



Science and
Technology
Facilities Council

VFFA magnet prototype

J.B. Lagrange, A. Letchford, S. Machida, I. Rodriguez

ISIS, RAL, STFC

S. Brooks

BNL, USA

Contents

- Motivation
- Single magnet prototype
- Triplet implementation

Contents

 Motivation

 Single magnet prototype

 Triplet implementation

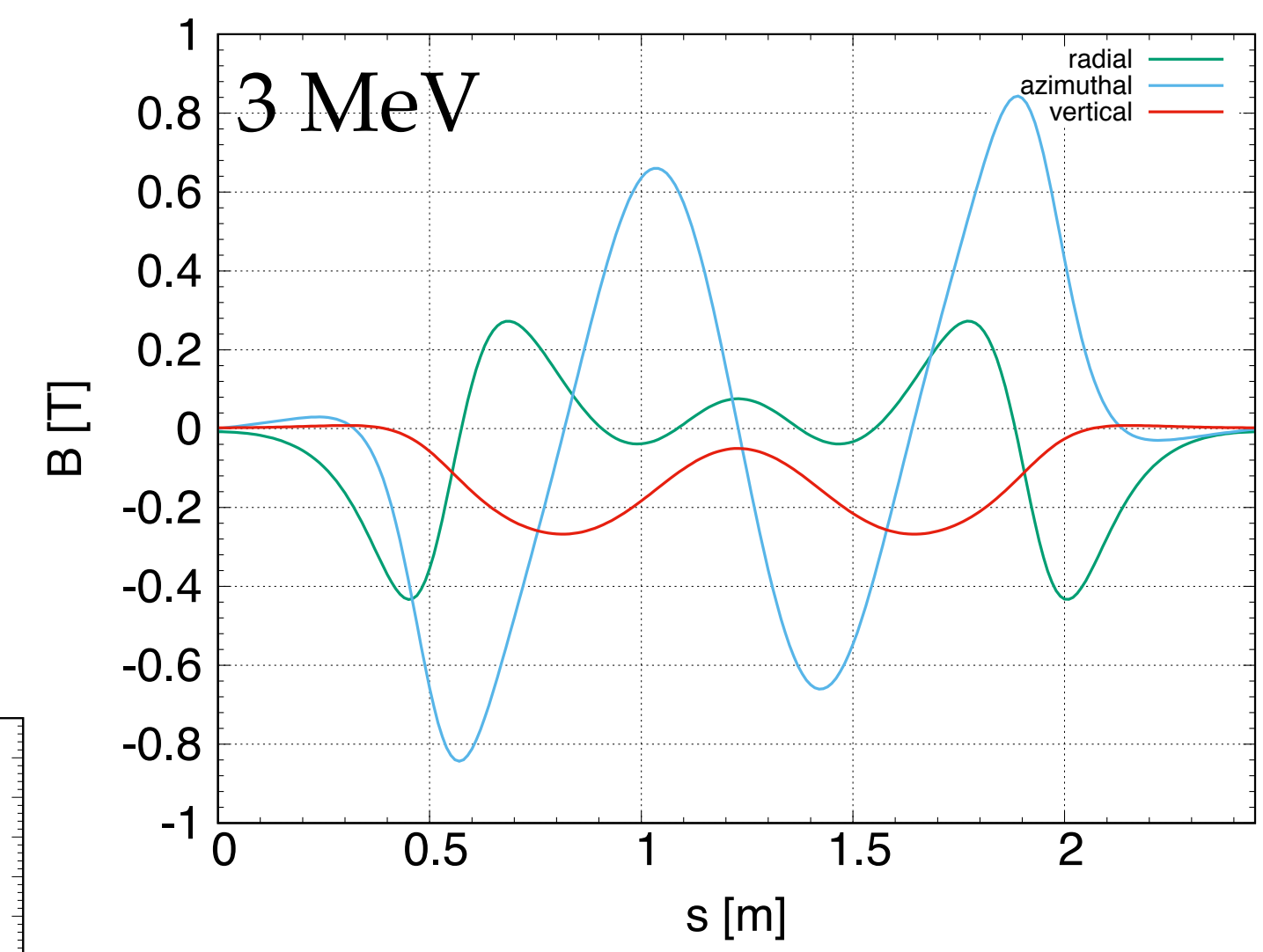
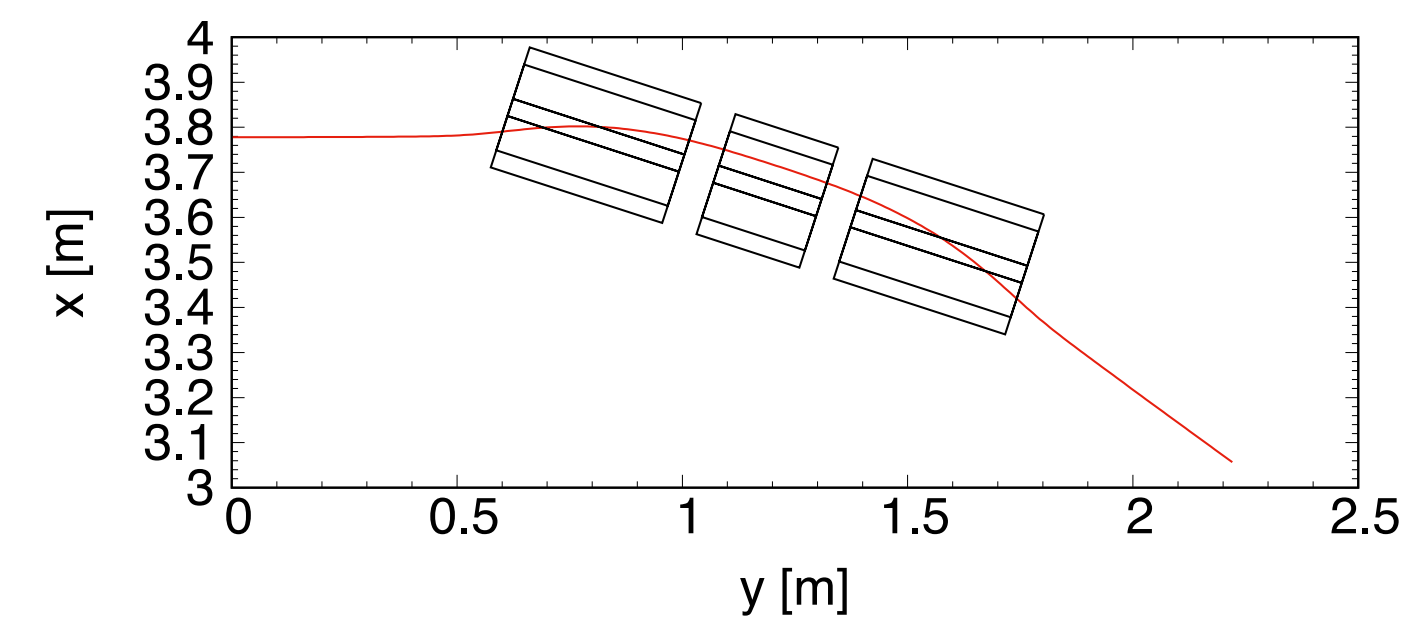
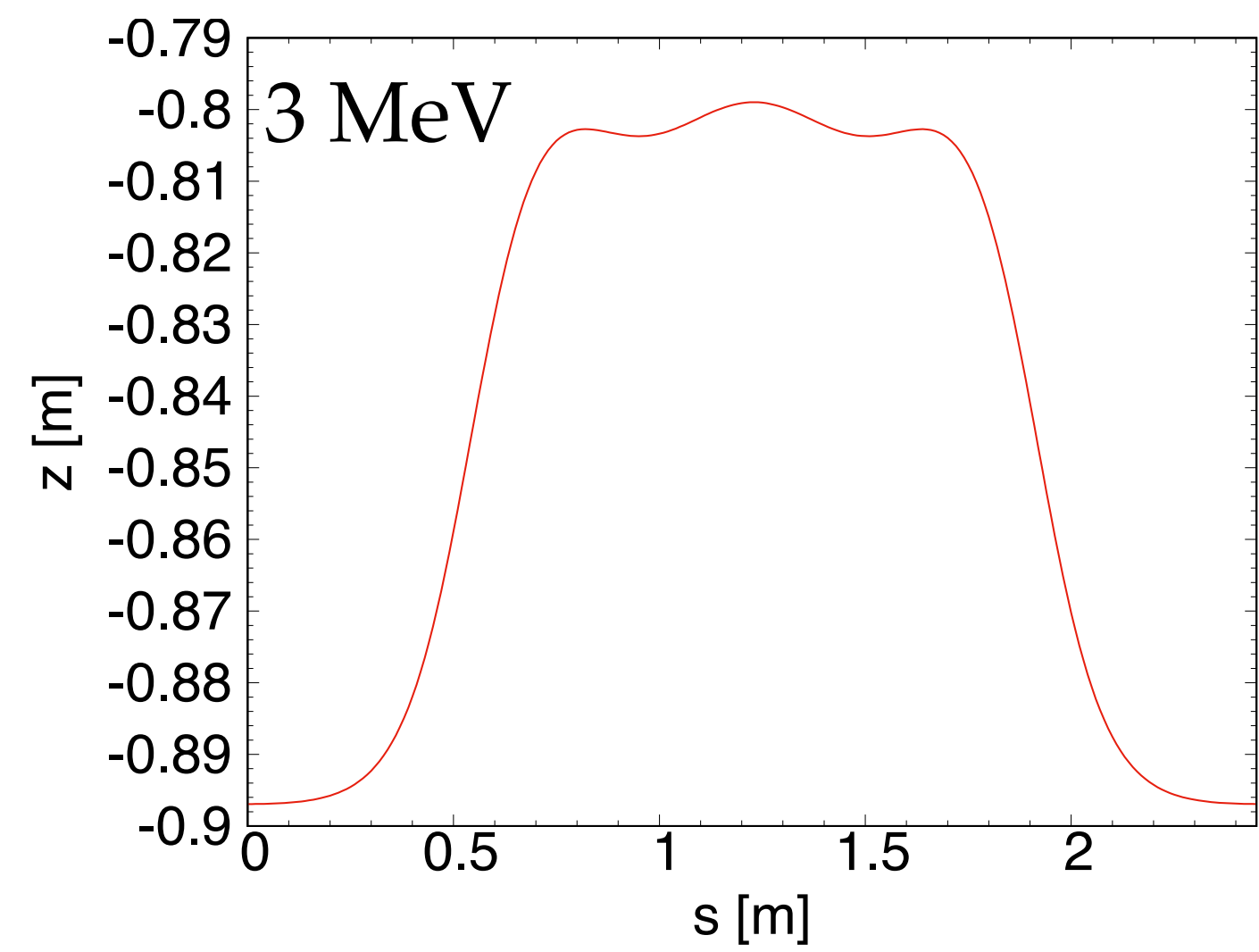
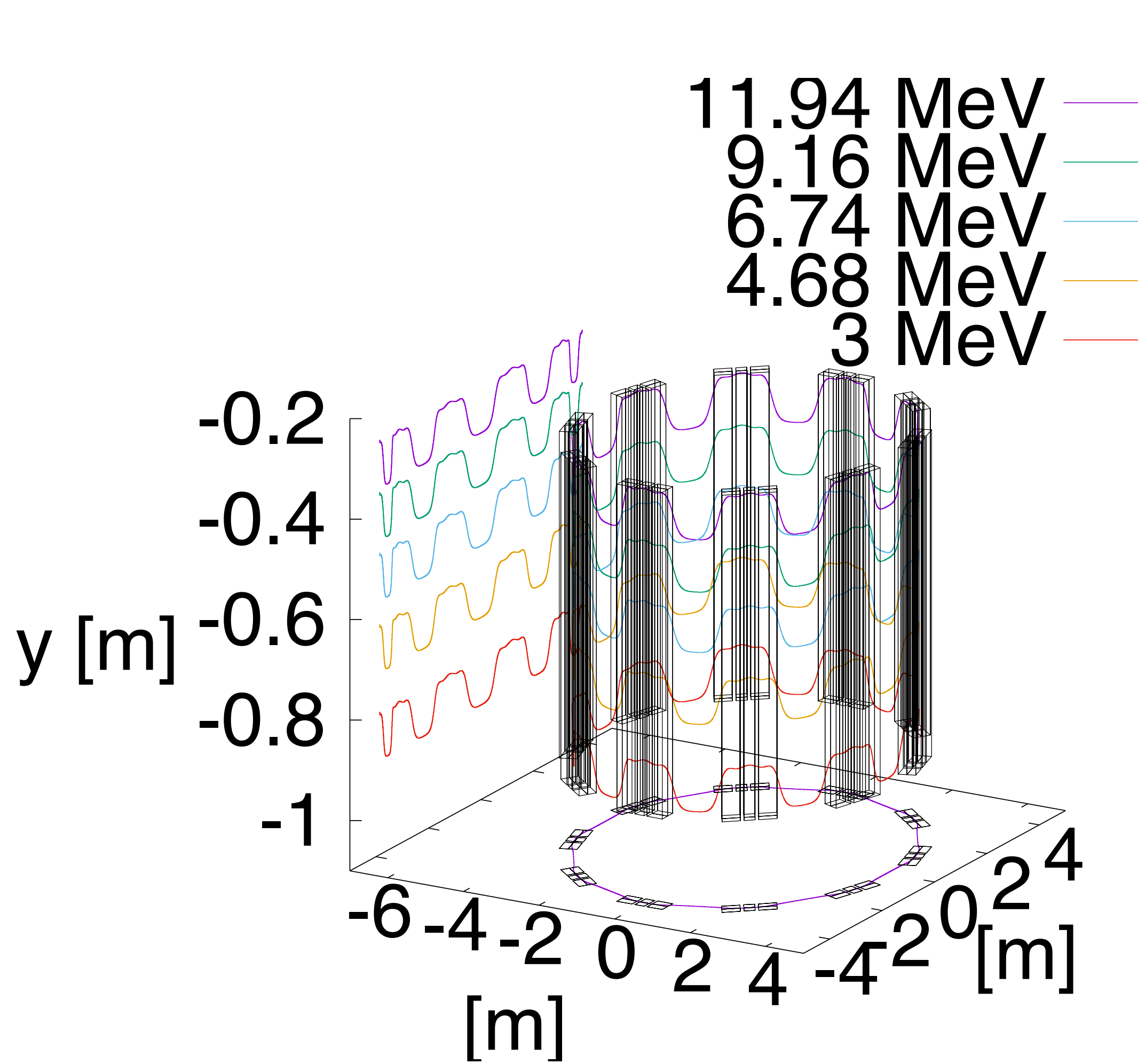
Motivation

- Design realistic magnet respecting scaling VFFA law:

$$B = B_0 e^{m(z-z_0)}$$

- Modelling tools development.
- Build expertise to SC FFA magnet (coil dominated magnet).

FETS-FFA ring



Contents

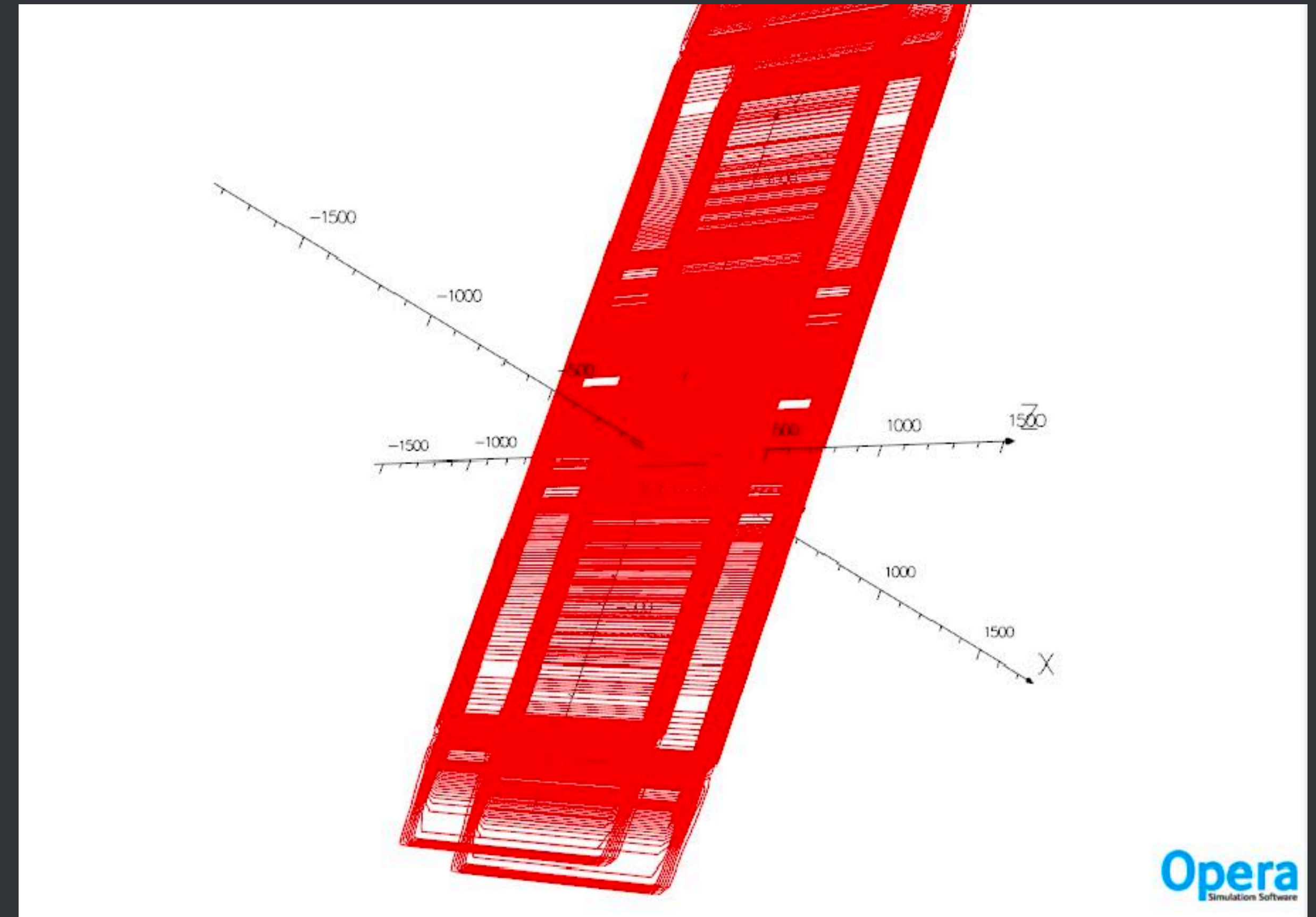
● Motivation

● Single magnet prototype

● Triplet implementation

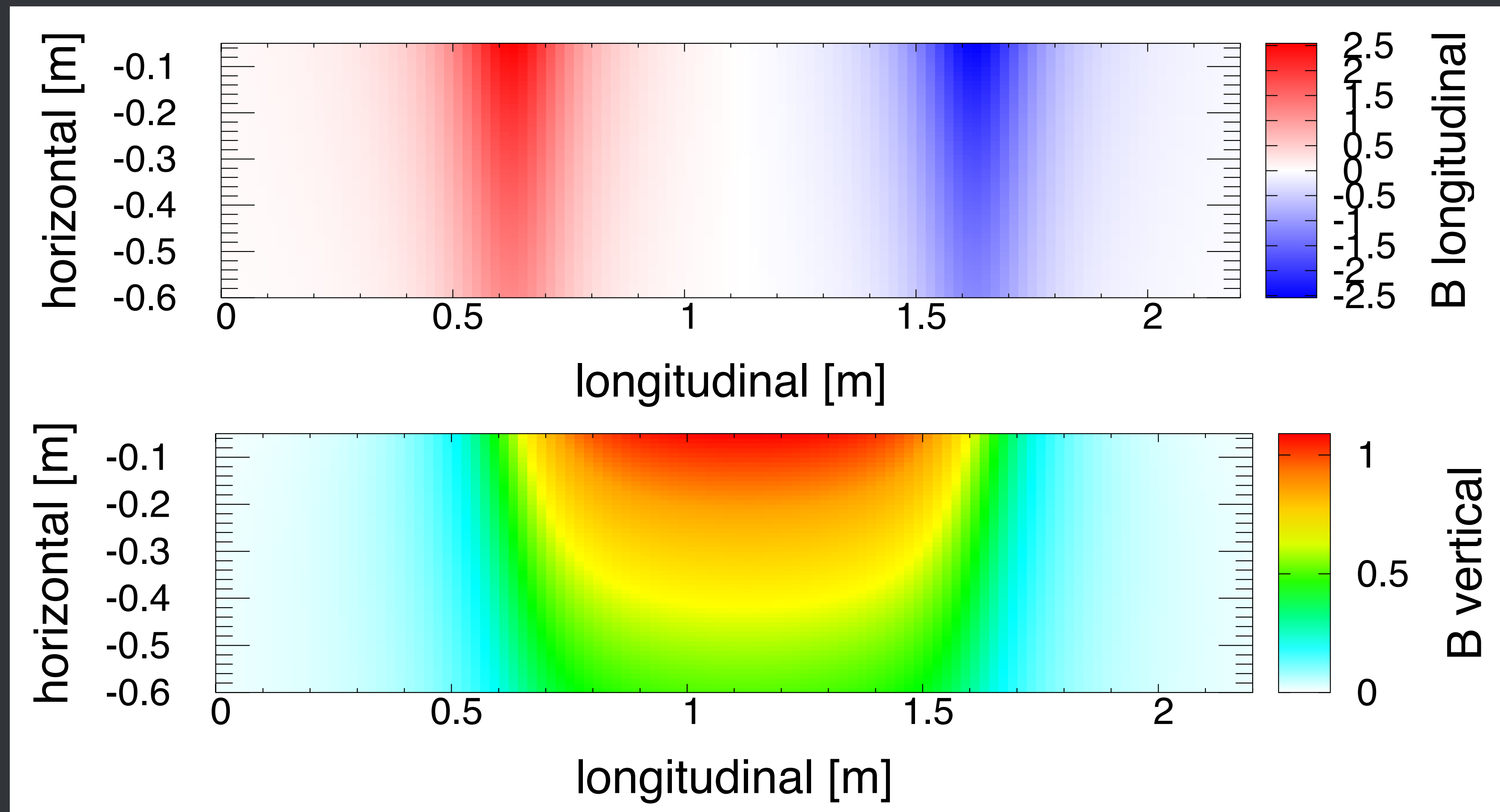
Single magnet test

- Use of reverse Biot-Savart law code developed by S. Brooks to have a set of coils reproducing VFFA tanh field fall-off model.
- 1 m-long magnet (40 cm later)
- m-value=1.28 m⁻¹
- 50 cm excursion as good field region
- Symmetric magnet
- ±11 cm gap size

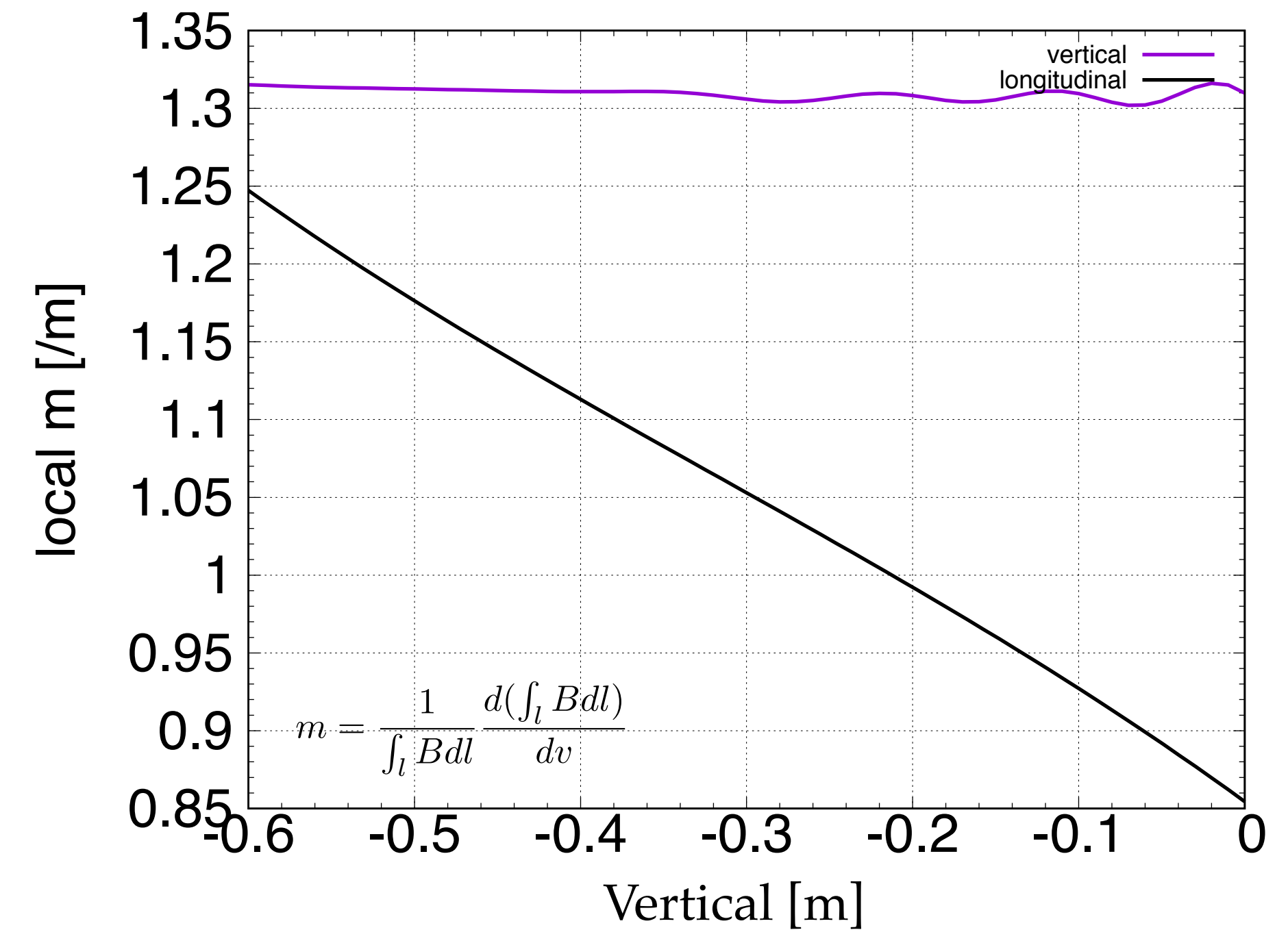
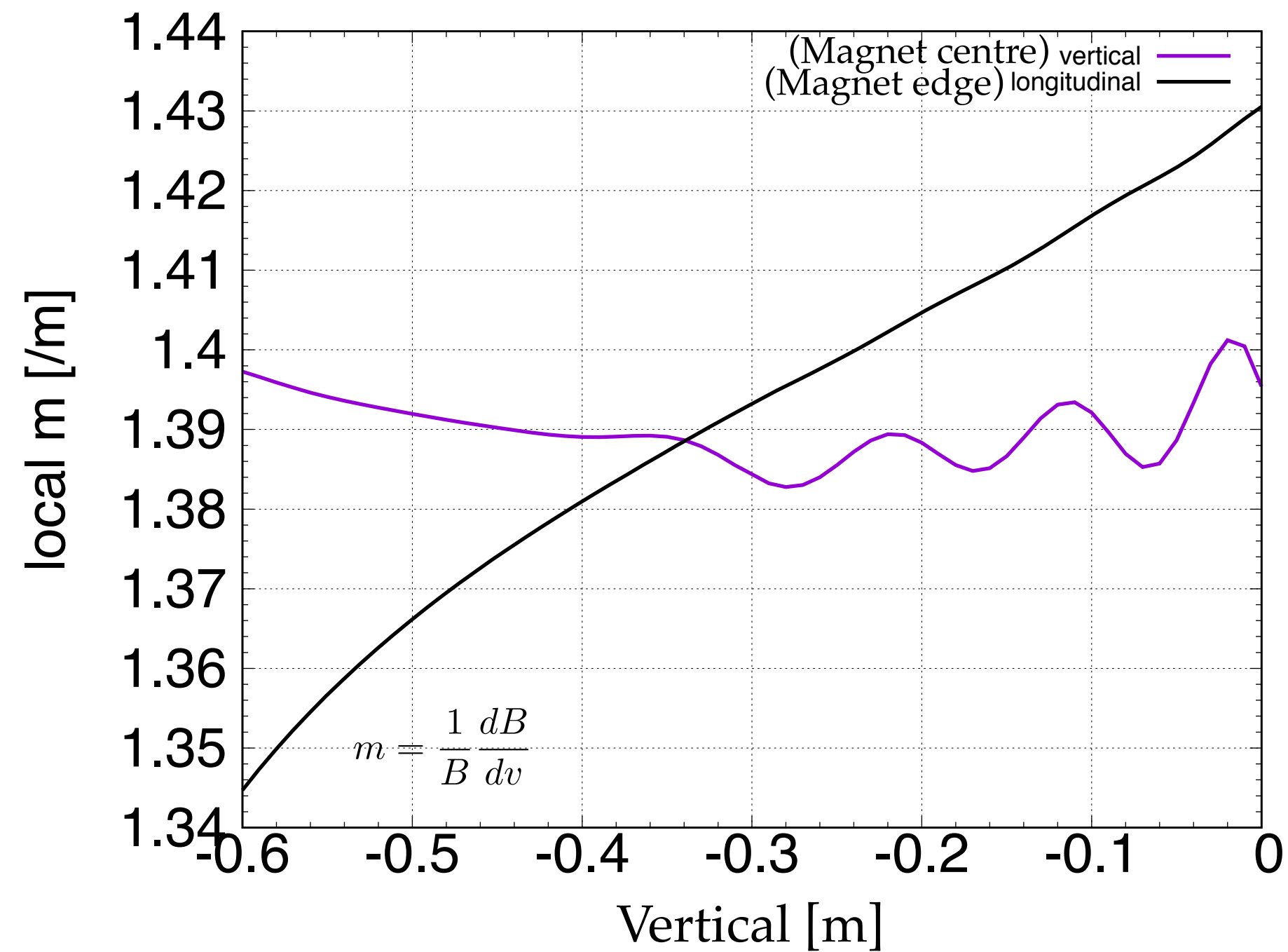


Field map from coils

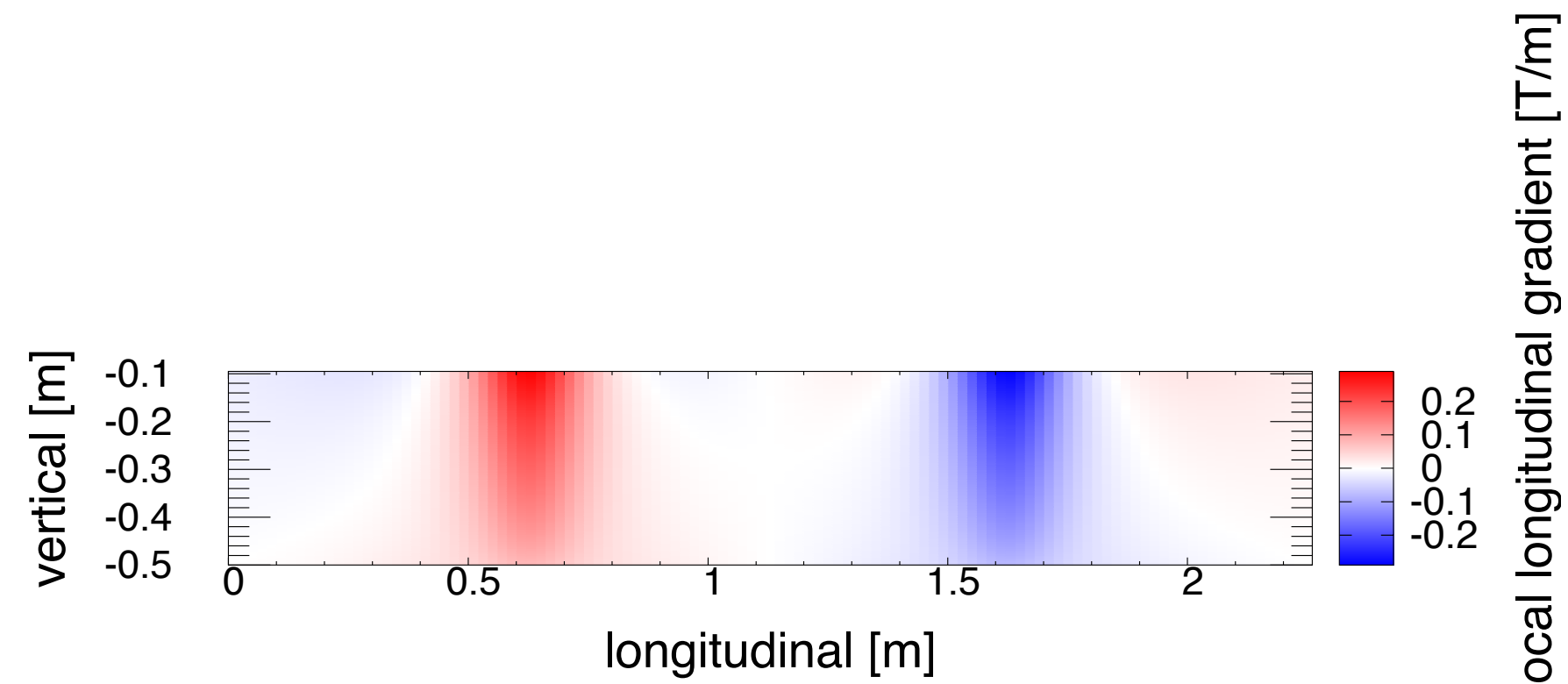
In the median plane



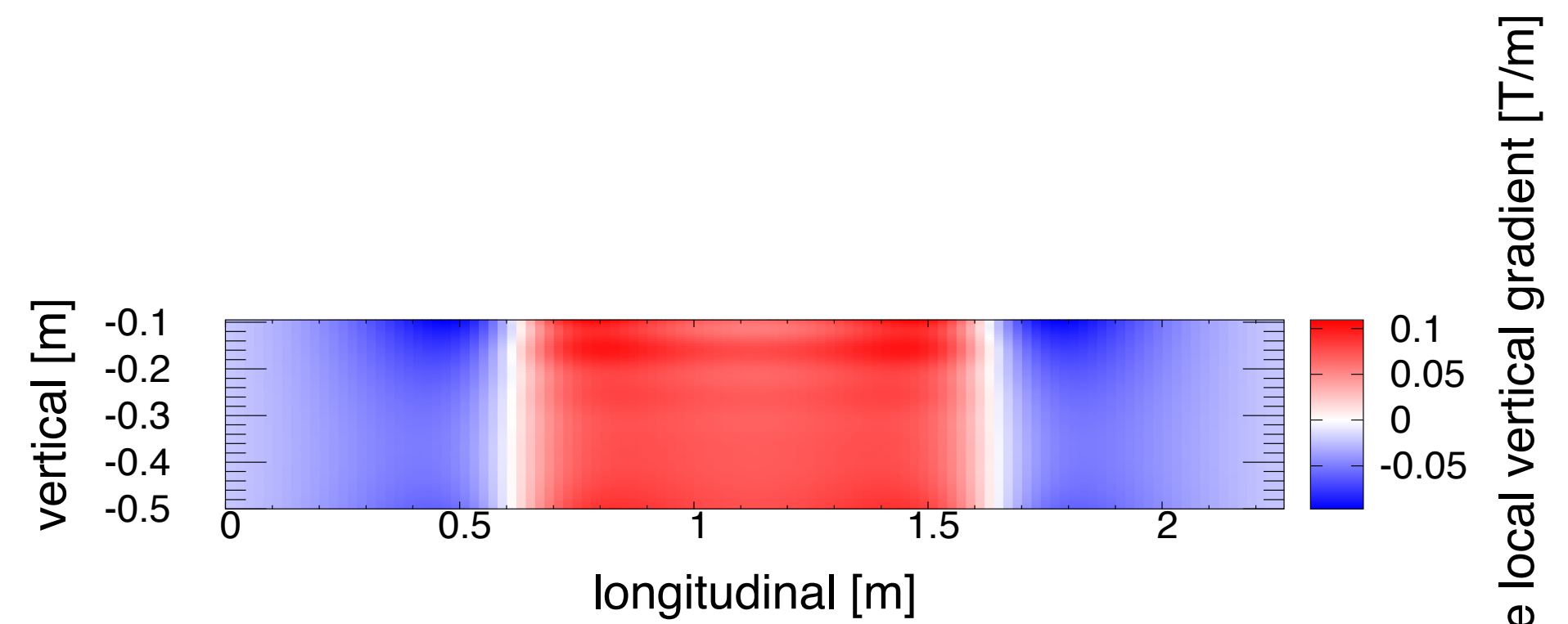
m-value of field map



Map accuracy



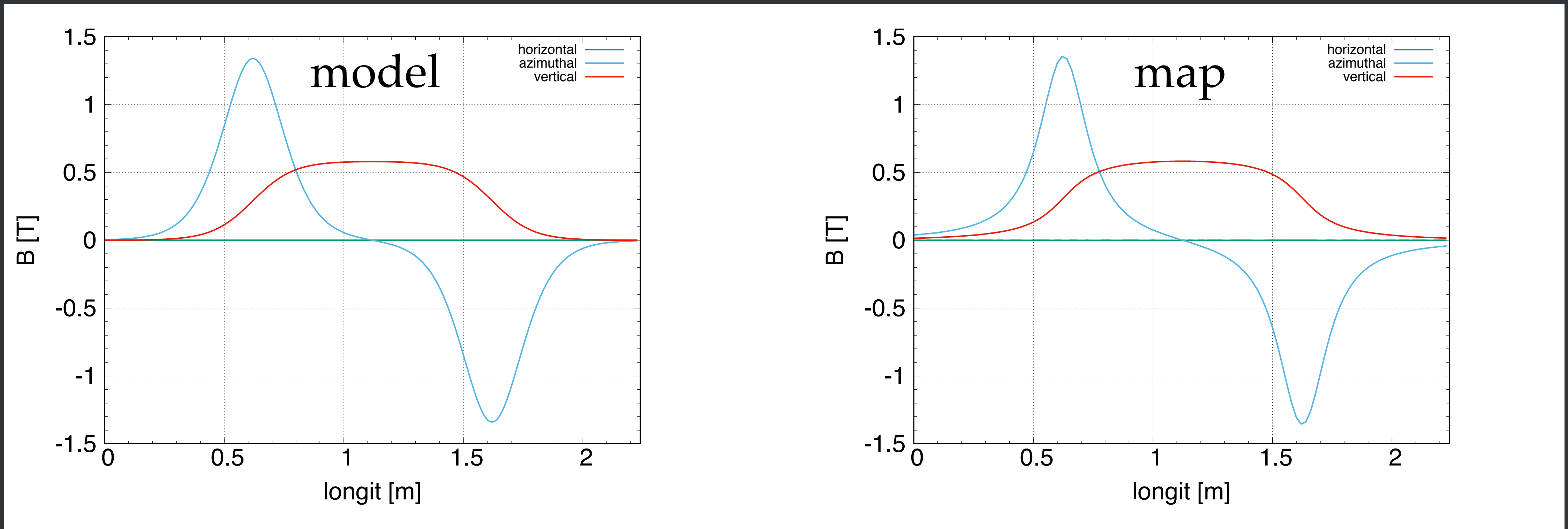
$$diff = \left[\frac{dB_{long}}{dz} - m_{ref} B_{long} \right] / e^{m(z-z_0)}$$



$$diff = \left[\frac{dB_{vert}}{dz} - m_{ref} B_{vert} \right] / e^{m(z-z_0)}$$

Comparison with model

Field in the mid plane

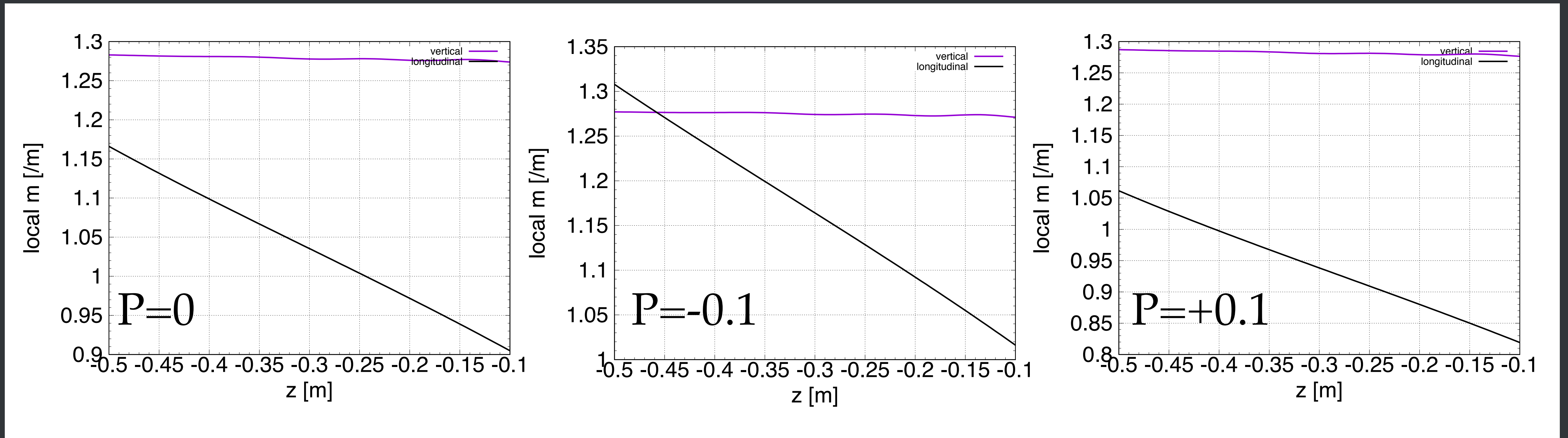


Fringe field tanh characteristic length of the model: 17 cm

First optimisation

$$m_{\text{input}}=1.25 \text{ m}^{-1}$$

$$B = B_0 * \left(e^{m(z-z_0)} + P(z) \right)$$



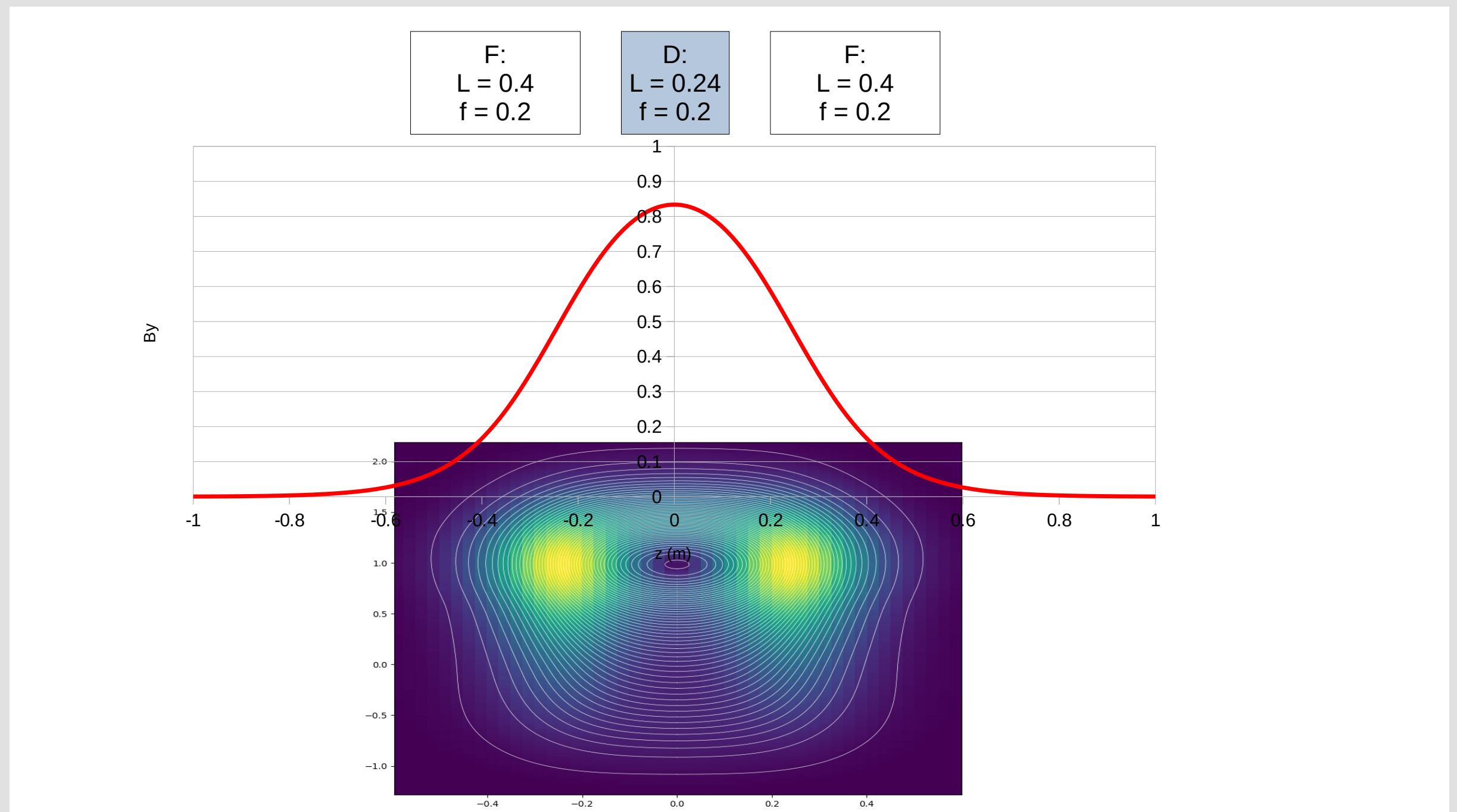
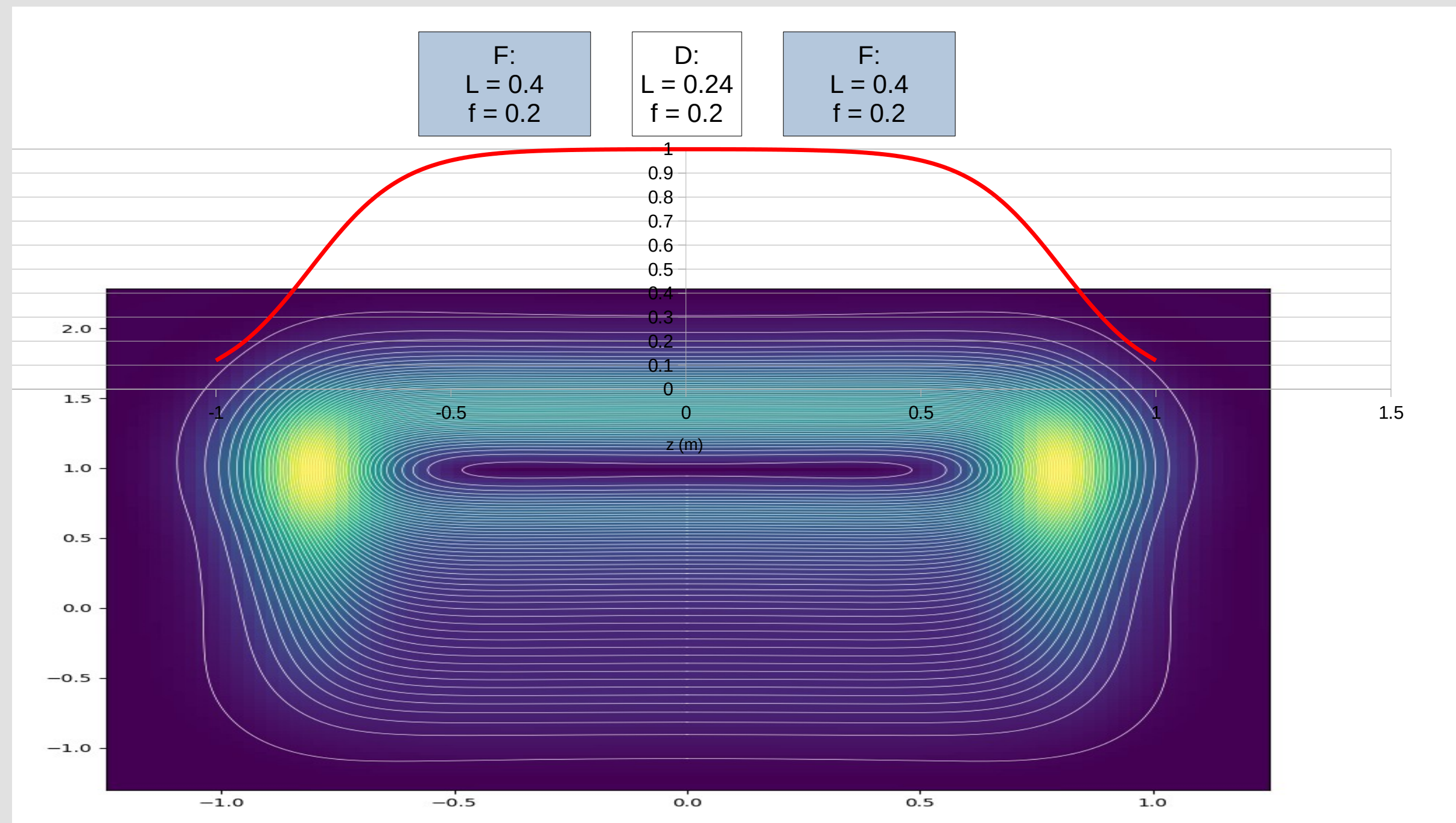
Contents

● Motivation

● Single magnet prototype

● Triplet implementation

Example of triplet implementation



● Merging of both F magnet in one set of coils

● Superposition of F and D coils

Lattice potential problems

- Magnets tend to be longer than in model, so drift space becomes smaller than designed.
- Drift space is not field free area, with strong stray fields (~100 Gauss). Any addition of ferro-magnetic material in the drift spaces may cause distortion of the scaling law, like in KURNS FFA main ring.

Conclusion

- Long magnet investigated first to decouple fringe field and body field
- Reverse Biot Savart law used so far with crude optimisation by hand, need of automatisisation.
- Superposition / merge of magnets maybe needed for the triplet implementation.
- Need for finite element computation (OPERA) to take into account shielding at a later stage.

Questions ?

Email: jean-baptiste.lagrange@stfc.ac.uk

Thank you for your
attention